

**Республиканская олимпиада школьников по английскому языку.
Муниципальный этап. 2021-2022 уч.г.
4 класс**

Время выполнения – 77 минут. Максимальное количество баллов – 52 балла

LISTENING – 5 баллов, 7 минут

Task 1. You will hear Louis talking to his friend Charlotte about a computer game. You will listen to the recording twice. Before listening you have 20 seconds to look at the questions.

1. Where did Louis first find out about the game?
 - A. from a game website
 - B. from a school friend
 - C. from a magazine advertisement
2. Charlotte likes the game because
 - A. it's funny.
 - B. it's hard.
 - C. it's new.
3. Who does Louis want to play the game with?
 - A. his brother
 - B. his granddad
 - C. his cousin
4. How long did Charlotte play the game for last Saturday?
 - A. forty-five minutes
 - B. one hour
 - C. one hour and thirty minutes
5. Which part of the game does Louis like best?
 - A. finding food
 - B. building a hut
 - C. crossing the river

Task 1. Guess the word in each sentence. The number of letters is in the brackets.

Example: Katya is from Russia – she is R _ _ _ _ _ . (7 letters) **Answer:** Russian

1. Joe is from the USA – he is A _ _ _ _ _ . (8 letters)
2. Rose has lots of friends – she's very p _ _ _ _ _ . (7 letters)
3. Maria is from Cordoba in Spain so she speaks S _ _ _ _ _ . (7 letters)
4. Laure speaks French – so is she from F _ _ _ _ ? (6 letters)
5. My sister does not talk much and I am also q _ _ _ . (5 letters)
6. I like my new class because the teacher is good and all the students are nice and f _ _ _ _ _ . (8 letters)
7. You have this when you stop your studies or your work for a short time. We call it a b _ _ _ . (5 letters)
8. This person takes you from one place to another by car and you pay him money. That person is a t _ _ _ d _ _ _ _ . (4 and 6 letters)
9. If you have a problem with your teeth, you go to this person. That person is called a d _ _ _ _ . (7 letters)
10. You need to go to a m _ _ _ _ _ when you have a problem with your car. (8 letters)

Task 3. Open the brackets and put the verbs in the correct form.

Julia (11)... **(live)** in St. Petersburg. She (12)... **(be)** twenty-three years old. She (13)... **(work)** in a shop since last year. This (14) ... **(be)** her first job. She (15) ... **(not/like)** her job because she (16) ... **(not/make)** enough money. Yesterday, she (17) ... **(have)** an interview for another job in a bank. The interview (18) ... **(go)** well and she (19) ... **(wait)** for their answer at the moment. She hopes she (20) ... **(get)** the job.

Task 1. Read the text about hobbies. Answer the questions (1–7) and write *Joe, Sally or Ben* on the answer sheet.

Hobbies

Joe	I think a lot of people would say that my hobby is quite unusual these days. I collect stamps from all over the world. I started the hobby many years ago when my uncle worked in many different countries. He sent letters and postcards to us with beautiful stamps on them. Also, my grandfather collects stamps and he helps me to make my collection bigger. I learned a lot about different countries because of my stamp collection and it has made me really good at geography. Actually, I'm top of my geography class.
Sally	I only started gardening as a hobby a few months ago. I was watching a TV programme about a family that grow all their own fruit and vegetables and I thought it was a really good idea. I didn't know it but I am really good at growing things. This month we have lots of salad vegetables and strawberries. Actually, we have too much food so I sell some of it to our neighbors. I'm saving the money to buy some beautiful flowers for our garden. Sometimes gardening is really hard work but that's a good thing because it means that I don't need to go to the gym.
Ben	My hobby is snowboarding. I started snowboarding when I was very young. We were on a holiday in Switzerland but I didn't like skiing with the rest of my family. I tried snowboarding instead and loved it. The big problem is that there isn't much snow where I live, so I have to travel a lot and that is very expensive. My parents say I need to save my own money if I want to go snowboarding often, so I think I'm going to find a new hobby very soon. But I am a bit sad about that.

1. Who says their hobby makes them money? _____
2. Who plans to stop their hobby soon? _____
3. Who has just started doing that hobby? _____
4. Who does the hobby with someone in their family? _____

5. Who pays a lot of money to do that hobby? _____

6. Who says their hobby makes them healthier? _____

7. Who says their hobby helps them with schoolwork? _____

**Республиканская олимпиада школьников по английскому языку.
Муниципальный этап. 2021-2022 уч.г.
4 класс**

WRITING - 20 баллов, 40 минут

Student's ID number

This is part of an email you received from your friend, Sabrina.

... I guess there are many traditional holidays in Russia. What's the most important one?
Why do people celebrate this holiday? How do you celebrate this holiday with your family?
...

Write an answer to your friend. Use 60-100 words. Try to make your email interesting to read.

Dear Sabrina,

This image shows a single sheet of white paper with horizontal ruling lines. The lines are evenly spaced and run across the width of the page. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the paper.

Республиканская олимпиада школьников по английскому языку.
Муниципальный этап. 2021-2022 уч.г.
5-6 класс

Время выполнения – 85 минут. Максимальное количество баллов – 47 баллов

LISTENING – 6 баллов, 10 минут

Task 1. You will hear an interview with Angela Morgan, who has recently flown around the world in a helicopter. For each question, choose the correct answer. Before listening you have 40 seconds to look at the questions.

1. The main reason for Angela's trip was to
 - A. make money for business.
 - B. make money for other people.
 - C. have an exciting adventure.

2. What does Angela say about her life now?
 - A. She feels much older.
 - B. She likes to be active and busy.
 - C. She's lonely without her children.

3. When Angela had flying lessons
 - A. her course lasted five months.
 - B. her husband took lessons as well.
 - C. she got to know her teacher well.

4. During the trip, Angela and her teacher
 - A. did very little sightseeing.
 - B. carried all the water they needed.
 - C. had engine problems several times.

5. What did Angela enjoy most about the trip?
 - A. Flying at night
 - B. Walking in the desert
 - C. Watching the changes in the scenery

6. What did Angela miss most while she was away?
 - A. Modern bathrooms
 - B. Regular exercise
 - C. Interesting entertainment

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET
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Task 1. Read the text and decide if the sentences 1-10 are TRUE or FALSE.

1. People have lived on the island for more than 400 years.
2. There is a big difference between day-time and night-time temperatures on the island.
3. The islanders have sold their salt to other countries since the 1970s.
4. It takes three hours to reach Petulia from the nearest port.
5. Some farmers have more pieces of land to look after than others.
6. The animals are moved onto different land every year.
7. Boys often play football on the school field.
8. Both adults and children help to make the islanders' clothes.
9. It is likely that there will be a tourist hotel on the island soon.
10. Tourists pay to stay with families.

The Island of Petulia

Geography

Petulia Island is only 5.5 km long and 1.5 km at its widest point. It lies in the middle of Lake Donika, and is 3,900 metres above sea level. Petulia has had a small number of inhabitants for over four centuries. It now has a population of 1,500 people. It has no roads, no cars or bicycles, and no electricity. The sun is extremely hot during the day but temperatures at night regularly fall well below freezing. The water of Lake Donika is 10°C all year round.

The past

Until recently, the island was separate from the outside world. Before the introduction of motorboats in the 1970s, traveling from Petulia to the nearest port could take over 20 hours. This journey was therefore made only once a year in order to buy salt. Motorboats have now cut the journey time to three hours, bringing new trade and tourists to Petulia.

Farming

Petulia is divided into six farming areas. Each farmer owns one piece of land in each of the six areas and grows vegetables, potatoes and cereal. Every year, farmers leave a different piece of land unplanted to allow the earth to rest. Cows and sheep are kept here during this time to improve the soil. The food grown by each farmer is shared by everyone: none is for sale. Petulia's farming year is divided into wet and dry seasons. The wet season is the busiest time. All land is dug by hand, using spades. In the dry season between July and August, the islanders have time to build new houses, repair stone walls and make clothes. Men knit traditional clothes from wool that is prepared by the women.

Education

Victoria has a well-equipped primary and secondary school. There is a good-sized sports field, but instead of playing football the boys usually choose to knit, like their fathers, while the girls

make wool. Walking along the rough tracks of the island, tourists often see small children on their way to and from school.

Visitors

Petulia has a tourist industry but the people have kept their traditional customs. They recently voted against a hotel development plan, so there will be no hotels on the island. Instead, tourists are placed with a family as guests. The money earned by each family is, like all money on the island, equally divided. During the dry season, many islanders entertain tourists late into the cold nights with pipe music and dances.

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET
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Task 1. For each question complete the second sentence so that it means the same as the first, using no more than THREE words. Write only the missing words on your answer sheet.

Example: Going by bus is quicker than cycling.

Cycling going by bus. Answer: Cycling takes longer than going by bus.

1. Maria lives a long way from her office.

Maria's office isn't her home.

2. It is a forty-minute bus journey to her office.

The bus journey to her office forty minutes.

3. Driving a car in the town center is not allowed.

You are not allowed cars in the town center.

4. Maria sometimes takes a taxi although it is expensive.

Maria doesn't often take a taxi it is expensive.

5. Yesterday she got up too late to catch the bus.

Yesterday she got up so late that she the bus.

Task 2. Complete each gap with ONE correct word. There are two extra words.

William Baldock, (6) ... is six years old, is a hero after helping his mother when she fell downstairs. William quickly rang to an ambulance when he discovered his mother had broken her leg. In spite (7) ... being frightened, he (8) ... the emergency services what (9) ... happened and answered all the questions they asked him. He also telephoned his father (10) ... work, and then his grandmother, to explain what he had (11) While waiting for these people to come, William looked (12) ... his 18-month-old sister.

When ambulance man Steve Lynn went to the house, he was amazed, "It's great that a young boy of six knew the right number to dial, and was able to give us the correct information. Because (13) ... William's quick thinking, we were able to get there immediately."

Mrs. Baldock left hospital yesterday, very grateful to both William and the ambulance service.

- A. like
- B. done
- C. had
- D. told
- E. of
- F. of
- G. at
- H. this
- I. after
- J. who

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET
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WRITING - 20 баллов, 50 минут

Student's ID _____

Write a story. Your story must have the title: *Winning the Prize.*

In your story use the following words and phrases:

To begin with,

(a) tough competition(s)

awesome

Write 90-150 words.

Winning the Prize

[illegible]

Республиканская олимпиада школьников по английскому языку.

Муниципальный этап. 2021-2022 уч.г.

7-8 класс

Время выполнения – 100 минут. Максимальное количество баллов – 55 баллов

LISTENING – 10 баллов (1 балл за правильный ответ), 10 минут

Task 1. Listen to three people talking about their memories and choose the correct answer for each question. You will hear the recording twice.

1. What herd did David and his brothers see running towards them?
A. of cows
B. of horses
C. of collies
2. How did David and his brothers feel when they reached their house?
A. safe
B. shocked
C. surprised
3. What or who reminds David of that day?
A. his brother
B. a smell
C. his house
4. When did Holly move to China?
A. 1978
B. 1988
C. 1998
5. Did Holly miss her friends and family a lot in the beginning?
A. Yes
B. No
6. What reminds Holly of her time in China?
A. the smell of rice soup
B. the colour of rice soup
C. the colour of cream
7. Where was Claudia when she saw Rick Stevens?
A. a library
B. café
C. a book shop
8. What is Claudia currently writing?
A. her first book

- B. her third book
- C. her fourth book

9. What reminds Claudia of that day?

- A. a book
- B. a song**
- C. a newspaper

10. Did Claudia have a life-changing experience?

- A. Yes**
- B. No

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET
READING - 8 баллов (1 балл за правильный ответ), 10 минут

Task 1. Read the text and choose the correct answer for each question.

Does practice really make perfect?

Have you ever heard of the old phrase, “Practice makes perfect”? Whether we’re learning how to dance, play a new instrument or developing our technique at a new sport, we usually just repeat the same action again and again until we can do it. My teachers always used to tell me that the more I practiced, the more highly skilled I would become at any activity. In 2008, author Malcolm Gladwell wrote about “the 10,000-hour rule“. This said that if you want to become an expert at a skill, you must practice it for 10,000 hours. However, a recent report by scientists at John Hopkins University has shown that the key to learning a new skill isn’t how much time you spend practicing, but the way in which you practice.

The scientist found that we learn more quickly if we slightly change the way we practice an activity each time we do it. To prove this, they carried out an experiment by teaching 86 people a new skill – how to control a computer with a new type of mouse. The researchers divided the people into three groups and each group had a session of 45 minutes to practise the new skill.

Six hours later, the first group repeated the same exercise again in exactly the same way, the second group practised it in a slightly different way and the third group didn’t practise again. At the end, the scientists tested everyone’s ability to do the skill. It was no surprise that the third group got the worst results in the tests. What was surprising was that the second group did twice as well as the first group.

These results are useful because they help us to understand how our brains remember information and learn new things. By changing our practice slightly, our brains have to work harder. Pablo Celnik, the scientist who led this research, said that the differences between

practices must be small, for example changing the size or weight of a tennis ball or racket. If the differences are too big, then there will be no improvement in learning speed.

These results are not only important for those of us who are learning new leisure skills; they might also help people who have been in an accident. For example, sometimes people have to learn to walk or talk again, and this technique can help them to do these things faster. Celnick says that more research still needs to be done, but that this could help patients recover more quickly.

So, the old phrase “Practice makes perfect“ isn’t exactly wrong. You must practice to become perfect at a new skill. But just remember that changing the way you practise each time will give you better results!

1. Malcolm Gladwell says that...

- A. some people can never become an expert, no matter how much they practise.
- B. you can become an expert in any skill if you practise it for 10,000 hours.**
- C. the way you practice is more important than how long you practise.

2. Scientists have discovered that you learn more quickly if you practice ...

- A. in the same way each time.
- B. in a slightly different way each time.**
- C. in a completely different way each time.

3. They proved this by carrying out an experiment with a group over ...

- A. 86 people, who they divided into three groups.**
- B. 86 people, who they divided into two groups.
- C. 45 people, who they divided into six groups.

4. The group that did worst in the test ...

- A. practised in the same way twice.
- B. practised slightly differently the second time.
- C. only practised once.**

5. The people who practiced in the same way twice did... as well in the test as those people who practiced again in a slightly different way.

- A. half**
- B. just
- C. twice

6. Pablo Celnik explained that the difference between practice sessions...

- A. must only be small.**
- B. must be large.

- C. doesn't matter.
7. This discovery could mean that people who are learning to walk and talk again...
- A. won't need these skills anymore.
- B. can learn faster.**
- C. will end up being able to walk and talk better.
8. The writer now thinks that the phrase , "Practice makes perfect"...
- A. isn't right at all.
- B. is completely right.
- C. is partly right.**

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET
USE OF ENGLISH – 17 баллов (1 балл за правильный ответ), 20 минут

Task 1. Complete the second sentence so that it has a similar meaning to the first sentence, using the word given. Do not change the word given. You must use between TWO and FIVE words, including the word given.

1. In the past people had fires in each home.

USED

In the past _____ fires in each home.

2. I have a few more pages to read, so I think I will finish the book next week.

FINISHED

By the end of next week _____ reading the book.

3. The town won't flood again unless we get enormous amounts of rain in the short time.

AS

The town won't flood again as _____ get enormous amounts of rain in a short time.

4. You should go to the doctor about your earache.

WERE

If _____ go to the doctor about your earache.

5. It's a shame that I am not with my friend right now.

WISH

I _____ my friend right now.

6. My brother is allergic to chocolate, so he doesn't eat it.

AVOIDS

He _____ because he's allergic to it.

7. I'm sure the old lady is lonely because no one ever visits her.

BE

The old lady _____ because no one ever visit her.

8. My granddad retired 10 years ago.

FOR

My granddad _____ 10 years now.

Task 2. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. Use only ONE word in each gap.

Time to make changes

We all know that environmental problems are getting worse and we need to solve them or (9) ... planet will be in big trouble in the future. But what can we do? Can individual people really make a difference? Or (10) ... we leave it to governments and politicians?

There are (11) ... lot of ways we can help. (12) ... instance, we can recycle things and save water and electricity. However, one of (13) ... most important things to do is to find different ways of getting power. Scientists have developed clever ways to do this. We can get power (14) ... the sun and the sea as well as the wind. The trouble is that local people, (15) ... don't want to look at ugly wind farms or solar panels, often object to the plans. Because of this, we don't have enough alternative sources of power.

Perhaps some people (16) ... learn that our way of life will need to change. After all, (17) ... we do something now, we won't have any lights or power in a few decades time, will we?

TRANSFER YOUR ANSWERS TO THE ANSWER SHEET
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WRITING - 20 баллов, 60 минут

Student's ID _____

You see the announcement in an international magazine.

The 'Best Friend Ever' award!

We are running a competition to find the best friend ever. Write to us nominating a friend who you feel has done something very special. You should explain what this person has done, what makes him or her so special and why you think they should win the award.

Write your competition entry. You must use the following words in your entry:

consequently

befriend

common

support

You can change the form of the words given. Write 200-250 words.

Всероссийская олимпиада школьников по английскому языку.

Муниципальный этап. 2021-2022 уч. год.

9-11 класс

Время выполнения – 160 минут. Максимальное количество баллов – 95 баллов

LISTENING - 10 баллов (1 балл за правильный ответ), 20 минут

Task 1. Listen to a lecture on successful language learning. Write NO MORE THAN THREE WORDS for each answer. The recording is played TWICE.

Factors for successful language learning

A Exposure

To target language determines (1).....

B Motivation

(2).....motivation

Language is a tool to achieve practical goals, for example, getting a job or

(3).....

Integrative motivation

Language is a tool for socialising and integrating, for example, (4)..... or people who are married to speakers of another language.

According to research, integrative motivation produces (5).....

C Personality

Good language learners are willing to take (6)are not afraid of making mistakes and try to (7)with the language.

D Learning Systems

- Efficient (8)
- Systems for organizing and learning vocabulary
- Ability to monitor one's own speech
- Ability to plan learning

E Age

Children learn faster than adults

Adult learners can be successful if they

- Are aware of how they learn
- Are independent of (9)
- Take (10) for learning

READING – 24 балла (1 балл за правильный ответ), 45 минут
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Task 1. Read the article about interns – young people doing work placements for a limited period, usually without pay. For questions 1-15, choose from the sections of the article (A-D). The jobs may be chosen more than once. Write your answers on the separate answer sheet.

Which intern mentions

her feeling when discovering something at work?	1)
the fact that some of her work can be seen?	2)
having no idea how to carry out a certain task?	3)
her feeling about the people she works with?	4)
having no regrets about a choice she made previously?	5)
what is considered normal in her area of work?	6)
the outcome of some of the work she does?	7)
a desire not to be in the same situation in the future?	8)
something she regarded as unpredictable?	9)
a preference concerning the work she does as an intern?	10)

reasons why it is possible for her to be an intern?	11)
the attitude of her employer?	12)
the outcome if she found herself in a difficult situation?	13)
making useful contacts?	14)
a change she believes will happen during her work placement?	15)

The intern's tale

A) Jessica Turner: intern at the film company Future Films

Working on scripts that you know are going to become films one day is really exciting. We get a broad variety of genres sent to us here. Personally, I love anything that's been adapted from a book, especially if I've read the book. I read scripts, sometimes I attend meetings with writers. And I've also researched potential writers and directors online. Also, I volunteer in my local theatre and help out as an auditorium assistant. It's a great way of seeing different aspects of the industry, meeting people and developing your career. My placement was due to come to an end this month but I've just been offered the paid role of production and development assistant. I'm pleased to be able to stay - I didn't want to leave everyone. It's been tough getting to this point, but you can't expect too much because it's a competitive industry. Because my degree was in film theory, I didn't come away with the practical experience of being able to go on set and know what's what. Maybe I would have progressed more quickly if I had.

B) Rasa Abramaviclute: intern at the Vivienne Westwood fashion company

I work in the same department as Vivienne Westwood, so I see her almost every day. She treats everyone equally, whether they are paid staff or interns. My main task is tracing patterns. I was shocked by how big they are; so much fabric goes into making a Westwood dress. When I started, I was working on the archive, so I had the opportunity to see past collections up close. I work five days a week, 10a.m. to 6p.m., but I expect the days to get longer and more stressful as we approach Fashion Week. I will stay for the other three months, until we go to Paris for that, and then I will go straight back to university to complete my final year. In fashion, if you want to establish yourself over the competition, you have to work hard and for free, because that's what everyone else is willing to do.

C) Hannah Sanderson: intern at the emergency relief charity Merlin

Over the past few years I've been doing volunteer work in Calcutta, Bogotá and Teheran, so it's quite hard to adjust to being back in the UK. Most of my friends are buying houses and have cars and go on holidays. But I never feel I've missed out because I'm doing what I've always wanted to do. I work expenses. Money from my father has gone towards funding my placement and I'm really fortunate that I can live with my mum, although it does mean my commute can take up to two hours. Without my family, I don't think I could be doing this. Next month I am starting a six-month placement in Myanmar, monitoring the health facilities the charity supplies there. After that, I might actually be in a position to earn a salary. If I was 35 and still working unpaid, I would think "What am I doing?"

D) Paula Morison: intern at the White chapel Gallery

I came to London six months ago with no plans. I didn't know how long it would take to get a job. I had saved up some money and resigned myself to staying on a friend's sofa for a while, but luck was on my side and I found a job as a seamstress within a couple of weeks. My placement at the gallery came along a week later. I've helped install exhibitions and create gallery publications. One of the most exciting tasks was helping the artist Claire Barclay create the installation that's now on display in the gallery. Because some of the piece is sewn, my seamstress skills came in handy. The hardest thing is at the start, when you don't know anything. Someone asks: 'Can you courier this?' and you have to ask so many questions, like "Which courier company?" and "Where are the envelopes?" I'm about to finish my placement and I'm planning my own curatorial project with a friend. It will be a lot of work but I think I have to go for these things now, otherwise I will regret it later. My parents know I'm sensible. If I couldn't afford my rent, I wouldn't just get into a spiral of debt. I would go and get a full-time job and the rest would have to wait.

Task 2. Read the speeches below and try to match them with people.

A) John F. Kennedy	B) Steve Jobs	C) L.Di Caprio
D)Winston Churchill	E) Elon Musk	F) Boris Johnson
G) Mother Theresa	H) Martin Luther King	I) Margaret Thatcher

16) In the long history of the world, only a few generations have been granted the role of defending freedom in its hour of maximum danger. I do not shrink from this responsibility — I welcome it. I do not believe that any of us would exchange places with any other people or any other generation. The energy, the faith, the devotion which we bring to this endeavor will light our country and all who serve it, and the glow from that fire can truly light the world.

And so, my fellow Americans, ask not what your country can do for you — ask what you can do for your country. My fellow citizens of the world, ask not what America will do for you, but what together we can do for the freedom of man.

Finally, whether you are citizens of America or citizens of the world, ask of us here the same high standards of strength and sacrifice which we ask of you. With a good conscience our only sure reward, with history the final judge of our deeds, let us go forth to lead the land we love, asking His blessing and His help, but knowing that here on earth God's work must truly be our own.

17) I have a dream that one day this nation will rise up and live out the true meaning of its creed: "We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal."

I have a dream that one day on the red hills of Georgia, the sons of former slaves and the sons of former slave owners will be able to sit down together at the table of brotherhood.

I have a dream that one day even the state of Mississippi, a state sweltering with the heat of injustice, sweltering with the heat of oppression, will be transformed into an oasis of freedom and justice.

I have a dream that my four little children will one day live in a nation where they will not be judged by the color of their skin but by the content of their character. I have a dream today.

I have a dream that one day down in Alabama, with its vicious racists, with its governor having his lips dripping with the words of "interposition" and "nullification", one day right there in Alabama little black boys and black girls will be able to join hands with little white boys and white girls as sisters and brothers. I have a dream today.

I have a dream that one day every valley shall be exalted, every hill and mountain shall be made low, the rough places will be made plain, and the crooked places will be made straight, and the glory of the Lord shall be revealed, and all flesh shall see it together.

18) I know full well the responsibilities that await me as I enter the door of No. 10 and I'll strive unceasingly to try to fulfil the trust and confidence that the British people have placed in me and the things in which I believe. And I would just like to remember some words of St. Francis of Assisi which I think are really just particularly apt at the moment. 'Where there is discord, may we bring harmony. Where there is error, may we bring truth. Where there is doubt, may we bring faith. And where there is despair, may we bring hope'

19) When I was young, there was an amazing publication called The Whole Earth Catalog, which was one of the bibles of my generation. It was created by a fellow named Stewart Brand not far from here in Menlo Park, and he brought it to life with his poetic touch. This was in the late 1960s, before personal computers and desktop publishing, so it was all made with typewriters, scissors and Polaroid cameras. It was sort of like Google in paperback form, 35 years before Google came along: It was idealistic, and overflowing with neat tools and great notions. Stewart and his team put out several issues of The Whole Earth Catalog, and then when it had run its course, they put out a final issue. It was the mid-1970s, and I was your age. On the back cover of their final issue was a photograph of an early morning country road, the kind you might find yourself hitchhiking on if you were so adventurous. Beneath it were the words: "Stay Hungry. Stay Foolish." It was their farewell message as they signed off. Stay Hungry. Stay Foolish. And I have always wished that for myself.

20) I pay tribute to the fortitude and patience of my predecessor and her deep sense of public service. But in spite of all her efforts, it has become clear that there are pessimists at home and abroad who think that after three years of indecision that this country has become a prisoner to the old arguments of 2016 and that in this home of democracy we are incapable of honouring a basic democratic mandate.

And so I am standing before you today to tell you, the British people, that those critics are wrong. The doubters, the doomsters, the gloomsters – they are going to get it wrong again. The people who bet against Britain are going to lose their shirts because we are going to restore trust in our democracy and we are going to fulfill the repeated promises of parliament to the people and come out of the EU on

October 31 no 'ifs' or 'buts'. And we will do a new deal, a better deal that will maximise the opportunities of Brexit while allowing us to develop a new and exciting partnership with the rest of Europe based on free trade and mutual support.

I have every confidence that in 99 days' time we will have cracked it. But you know what – we aren't going to wait 99 days because the British people have had enough of waiting.

The time has come to act, to take decisions, to give strong leadership and to change this country for the better and though the Queen has just honoured me with this extraordinary office of state my job is to serve you, the people, because if there is one point we politicians need to remember it is that the people are our bosses.

21) What General Weygand called the Battle of France is over. I expect that the Battle of Britain is about to begin. Upon this battle depends the survival of Christian civilization. Upon it depends our own British life, and the long continuity of our institutions and our Empire. The whole fury and might of the enemy must very soon be turned on us.

Hitler knows that he will have to break us in this Island or lose the war. If we can stand up to him, all Europe may be free and the life of the world may move forward into broad, sunlit uplands. But if we fail, then the whole world, including the United States, including all that we have known and cared for, will sink into the abyss of a new Dark Age made more sinister, and perhaps more protracted, by the lights of perverted science.

Let us therefore brace ourselves to our duties, and so bear ourselves that if the British Empire and its Commonwealth last for a thousand years, men will still say, 'This was their finest hour.'

22) I'm honored to be here today, I stand before you not as an expert but as a concerned citizen, one of the 400,000 people who marched in the streets of New York on Sunday, and the billions of others around the world who want to solve our climate crisis.

.....

Now is our moment for action.

We need to put a price tag on carbon emissions and eliminate government subsidies for oil, coal, and gas companies.

We need to end the free ride that industrial polluters have been given in the name of a free-market economy. They do not deserve our tax dollars -- they deserve our scrutiny. For the economy itself will die if our ecosystems collapse.

The good news is that renewable energy is not only achievable but good economic policy.

This is not a partisan debate but a human one. Clean air and a livable climate are inalienable human rights. And solving this crisis is not a question of politics. It is a question of our own survival.

This is the most urgent of times and the most urgent of messages.

Honored delegates, leaders of the world, I pretend for a living -- but you do not. The people made their voices heard on Sunday around the world and the momentum will not stop.

23) When I was young, I didn't really know what I was going to do when I got older. People kept asking me. But then eventually, I thought the idea of inventing things would be really cool.

And the reason I thought that was because I read a quote from Arthur C. Clark which said that "A sufficiently advanced technology is indistinguishable from magic." And that's really true.

If you go back say, 300 years, the things we take for granted today, you'd be burned at stake for being able to fly. That's crazy. Being able to see over long distances, being able to communicate, having effectively with the Internet as a group mind of sorts, and having access to all the world's information instantly from almost anywhere on the earth. This stuff that really would be magic -- that would be considered magic in times past.

In fact, I think it actually goes beyond that, because there are many things that we take for granted today that weren't even imagined in times past, that weren't even in the realm of magic. So, it actually goes beyond that. So I thought, well if I can do some of those things -- basically if I can advance technology, then that is like magic and that would be really cool.

24) "I believe that we are not real social workers. We may be doing social work in the eyes of the people, but we are really contemplatives in the heart of the world.

For we are touching the Body Of Christ 24 hours. We have 24 hours in this presence, and so you and I. You too try to bring that presence of God in your family, for the family that prays together stays together. And I think that we in our family don't need bombs and guns, to destroy to bring peace—just get together, love one another, bring that peace, that joy, that strength of presence of each other in the home. And we will be able to overcome all the evil that is in the world.

There is so much suffering, so much hatred, so much misery, and we with our prayer, with our sacrifice are beginning at home. Love begins at home, and it is not how much we do, but how much love we put in the action that we do. It is to God Almighty—how much we do it does not matter, because He is infinite, but how much love we put in that action. How much we do to Him in the person that we are serving.”

Task 1. For questions 1-15, read the text below and think of the word which best fits each gap. There is an example at the beginning (0) Write your answers IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

Why Are Sunglasses Cool?

When you go shopping for sunglasses, you soon realise that as (0) **well** as being overpriced, they are heavily associated (1).....images of celebrity. Sunglasses are cool, and it is a cool (2)..... seems set to endure. Have you ever wondered (3).....this should be?

The roots of sunglasses are anything (4).....glamorous, however. Amber-tinted spectacles first appeared in the nineteenth century and were a medical remedy for people (5).....eyes were oversensitive to light. The first mass-produced versions, made by Sam Foster (6).....Foster Grant fame, were sold in the 1920s in US seaside resorts. (7)..... this point, however, they remained functional objects, and were(8).....to acquire the cool image they now enjoy.

This (9).....about thanks to the US air force. In the 1930s, airmen started to wear anti-glare glasses which were (10)..... ‘aviators’. In the early days of flight, these men were regarded (11).....heroes. Down on the ground, actors keen to cash (12).....on a little of that glory realised that sunglasses represented a short cut to intrigue. (13).... audiences couldn’t see an actor’s eyes, then they couldn’t read his or her thoughts. (14).... human, audiences wanted to know more. So it (15).....that the link between the fascination of celebrity and a pair of sunglasses was forged.

Task 2. For questions 16-25 read the riddles and work out the names of animals, birds or insects. Write your answers IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

16) I wear a tuxedo in the snow and skate on my tummy across the ice floe.

17) What are all these animals?

Marmoset and capuchin

Macaque, spider and baboon

A mandrill and tamarin.

18) I have horns,

But I do not beep.

I like to bleat,

But I am not a sheep.

- 19) I am covered in feathers and I cluck.
You might get called my name if you are scared.
- 20) With four oars it swims but it is always at home.
Its back is like armor, tougher than chrome.
What is it?
- 21) I can honk without using a horn.
What am I?
- 22) It's grey, but it's not a wolf,
Long-eared, but not a rabbit,
With hooves, but not a cow.
What is it?
- 23) A prickly house a little host contains;
The pointed weapons keep back from pains,
So he, unarmed, safe in his fort remains.
- 24) My first is in window but not in pane.
My second's in road but not in lane.
My third is in oval but not in round.
My fourth is in hearing but not in sound.
My whole is known as a sign of peace.
And from Noah's ark won quick release.
- 25) I have the bill of a duck, webbed feet, a tail like a beaver, and I lay eggs. What animal am I?

Task 3. Find the extra incorrect word in the following sentences. Write your answers IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

- 26) So I simply barely had to have this book.
- 27) It is hardly surprising that theories about it are not thin about on the ground.
- 28) Whilst meanwhile away on business I recently came across a wonderful book about the origins of words.
- 29) The other candidates seemed me to be very strong.
- 30) When I heard my name, my legs were so weak I could only hardly stand up.
- 31) My friend believes the skills she uses in her job helped her how to perform well.

Task 4. Rewrite the underlined part of the sentence with a phrase using the words in brackets. The example is given. Write your answers IN CAPITAL LETTERS on the separate answer sheet.

Example:

I am writing to you as a representative of the Manager. (behalf)

Answer: ON BEHALF OF

32) It's very likely that the government will change the law. (cards)

33) We all hope that, eventually, the new policy will be successful. (run)

34) The police arrived to put a stop to the demonstration. (break)

35) Modern fashions are not something that he likes. (taste)

36) In the ten minutes he was on the pitch, the substitute certainly had an impact.
(mark)

WRITING - 25 баллов, 50 минут

You are a member of the Debates Club at your school. Write a speech entitled 'Things I Learned in Lockdown'. The 2020 lockdown took a big turn on us. And not just affect, lockdown changed the views of many people on so many things.

Tell your own story of experiencing self-isolation. What has this pandemic taught us? Tell about the three things learnt in lockdown. Explain why you think these things might be important or useful in the future.

Use the following words in your speech: CONFIDENCE, CONFINEMENT, A CLUE, and REASSURE. Do not change the words.

Remember to write the introduction and conclusion. In the introduction state the goal of your speech. The conclusion should motivate the audience to act.

Involve the audience. Use the emphatic language to get attention and to arouse an emotional reaction from your audience.

Write your answer in 200-280 words in an appropriate (neutral) style.